Bra99 30

Return to normal view

PEDIGO / POYNTER / SCHWARTZ and Related Families

Entries: 14591 Updated: Mon Mar 18 15:15:11 2002 Contact: Melvin Schwartz <melvins1@attbi.com>
Home Page: Homepage for Melvin W. Schwartz

Ancestry Of Melvin W. Schwartz

• ID: I10618

• Name: William BRAGG

Sex: M

• Birth: 1816 in North Carolina

Death: 25 JUL 1863 in Chattanooga, Tennessee

Reference Number: 10618

Father: Thomas C. BRAGG b: 5 MAY 1778 in Craven County, North Carolina

Mother: Margaret CROSSLAND b: ABT. 1790 in North Carolina

Marriage 1 Drucilla HARTON b: 1817 in North Carolina

Married: ABT. 1843 in Warren Co., Kentucky

Children

- 1. Jane BRAGG b: 1843 in Northhampton Co., North Carolina
- 2. James K.P. BRAGG b: 1845 in Northhampton Co., North Carolina
- 3. Mary BRAGG b: 1847 in Northhampton Co., North Carolina

Sources:

1. Title: 1850 Warren Co., North Carolina

Page: Page 8, Roll Number 648

Text: William Bragg age 33, carpenter, Wife: Drucilla age 33. Children: Jane age 7, James K.P. age 5, Mary age 3.

Dwelling: 117-117

Thanks To; Helen Micol - Linda Pointer - Tom Oconnell - and dozens of others who have helped with this project. Gerri W., Bonnie H., Carolyn S., Jeanette D., Wayne H., Doris A., Jack D., and all the rest of you.

About Us | Contact Us | Affiliate Program | Privacy Statement Copyright © 1998- 2002 , MyFamily.com Inc. and its subsidiaries All use and access to Ancestry.com subject to license

							The state of the s
Father	FULL NAME:						
EVENT	DAY MONTH	YEAR	PLAC	E OF EVENT	(City, Township, Count	y, State, or Cou	intry)
Birth							
Marriage							
Death							
Burial		***					
NOTES:		TO STATE OF THE ST					
-							
His Other Sp	ouse (s) :						
His Father:					Born		Died
His Mother:			/		Born		Died
Mother	FULL MAIDEN NAM				1.000		
EVENT	DAY MONTH Y	TEAR	PLACE	OF EVENT	(City, Township, County,	State, or Cour	itry)
Birth							
Death							
Burial							
NOTES:							
						<u></u>	
Her Other Spo	ouse (s) :		-				Died
Her Father:					Born		Died
Her Mother:					Born		1
	(given names)	DAYA	MONTH YEAR		PLACE OF EVENT		NAME OF SPOUSE (s)
1	ь		•		* 17		
	m						
2	d						
2	b						
	d						2
3	Ь			William Company			70.00
	m			•		21	
	. d						
4	Ь						
	m						
	d						
5	Ь						
	m						
6	d						
0	Ь						
	d						
7	Ь						
co	m						
	d						
3	Ь						
	m			(1)	•		

r Country)
r Country)
Died
Died
Country)
Pt. 1
Died
Died
NAME OF SPOUSE (s)
_
_
-
,

				a stances			
RD.	Medical Education			and the second desired between the second		Age	
RECO	Temporary License, 1/ Refusal, Reason For	ie od	Market Land	24. 	is of	19 2 1/4 1 3	18 SEB (1)
	Basis of		Date of		10.00		
SIGIL	License Registered		17 7-16 100.	Exam.			\$ 1.3
	Source of Information	County	2324001	Date y Date		nook .	Page 97
	U Dead	Remarks				Book	Page
beat . I	D. C. No.				ar can go management garge		
							one of the second

Place and Date of Birth Pres Medical Education 1 2/ Date, and School of Graduation -Temporary License, Date of Refusal, Reason For Permanent License, No. Basis of Date Bd. Exam. Refusal, Reason For License Registered County Source of Information County" Date 10000 Count Remarks-II Dead-Date : P. Placedesidepoda D. C. No. -

RECORD

The name Brackon. Dictionary y Comercian Beography by allen Johnston. George Braston - b - 2 - 3 maries mary barter children were -1-Elizabeth Braylon 6-d-? områded. 2- borter Bradton f. d.? Signer y Doc. Ind. A-Judith Robinson. B-Elizabeth Corbin. 3- Mary Braylon f-d-? Thomas Bragg-80 that is the source of the name Bracton in our Bragglene. Exless we can ray that the segner of the And was a brother in law of one of our clan-(soer ,

Mie ajoh Bragg 1st leucestor children Tposubly others] 1- Beter Bragg- from whom Dur line come 4- James Ross Bragg - notece the 5. Welliam Braytan. narried mary Brayton, I fiel lerce he must belong in this group Micajoh and af least 3 of his sons -Peter, Joseph and Benjamin, were form in 6 replaced. The 3 sons, ne Ruon came lo lemereca with Der & twolopher newpart-Cajet y ships into Jamestown Ca They came over ju e 17 Ficentury- I have a jobalostal a will, witnessed by Peter Bragg signed July 4-166 %- which proves Their arisophin 17th century.

nicajak Bragg-Peter IJohn Jour line. Peter I John I married mallie new fort dans g Dir Christopher new fort children g Peter & moelie - I dof Copt Daniel newport Bragg Peter Elegobeth mary newport ". Father of Gen. Brayton believe there may have been others -Thomas Jother of Brouten is thought to be a younger brother as the order is not positively Known-Thomas Bragg [above] married Margaret Crossland in 1803. Which would prove itself and Peter newpart Dr. was in Rev. War, ze there is no mention of Thomas Tengin Ros. Wor. One of the above may have been she Cockstor you are searching for - do hope I have found et for you - blike you dans trying to find one missing link -tomes Bragg. my grand father, burned in miss - same place over

Peter newport Bragg-Rer, Soldier mas born march 4,1763-l-may 31-1841 form in fanguer Co. Val. and died in Towndels Co. Cla. near Treenville buried an village & Bragg, bla He neutte sparlonburglo. Do-Carolina ofter Ren war. married abequil Britton his som Peter newpart Bragggr. roas born there . They more aloala. 1829-Harrief neupart Bragg - married dan. g Geo. Brewton & Fauguer Co. VA. Johnston Co. no. Cor. rarried Linnie Brewlow or Bretton bor-1795 &- 1826 Bragg, married William Claylon-6-1791-d-1856. from your brother, or has he ever gone to the cemelery where he is thought to have been burried? you would be surprised at the rumber of men, who come to our library searching for family records - Lawyers and such, who lated an active part in our genealogeeal

Thomas Braggm-margarite Crosland children - 1803 - in Harrendon no. Car John John John 1806 married a miss Hall-law. JJudge Hall. ale. alexander - form 1908 - mae an brokiteet married lives in Wilcox 60 bla 1 of miso Santhall - 1 child 2ml- morthe Humde - pehildren Peenbar - married a moody and lived in Jeyas - (hamit found where yet ordere Bratton - 6-1817- d-1876. in Galreston Jag Twonder ig Dembor was close around Elezabeth - married-bleyander Lewis Hancey Mary Love Bragg - married James Cuthbert Sarah " - morned a Mr. Radican Tradition pays there were 12 children and and forther been assured that my franches James was a broth to the above children of thomas 80 transpared 13. I feel like he could have been she aldest marriage of flower 5 margaret and the John being born in 1806. et 8eems lekely that my got early have been born 18014 I pray that same day soon I shall get this all atraightened out and shall trust of her atraightened out and shall bry To Leep son also do write and our ge son

borther to visit that grave -Keion his fendings. I have a feeling that your great-grave for her may horz been the Mucle 3 my grand gather James. There was a Welleam and an Elizabeth Bragg buried in Red Banko miss, whether a lown or Clinetery I do not Know which the name slavets. for _ do you know . please tell me I can't find a lown by that name an Harr a paper from media Research Bureou-Indolington D, le ou che Bragge 1 England - so many of gainly maries. for the most part the Briggs were gothe landel gentary and yearmanry of Eng. which means they were free people! too few were free thatday in time familieb in English countres Bragg. Down Combidge lasert Somerset, bumbesland and Surry-assurement in Scotland [as they married in to the Scottist in nether auguhorshthe same here form to stayed in there own clase always en sorry to say but Jam Incerely 5735-4 Vista- Faller 6-Tay

my brockers were: -Soary Soabel 1/onofel 6 may -16 - 1886

Anne 1 -1 Do James lerchus 4. July 11-1889. unfants who died -Holm Robert Dr. f. Sept. 18-1804my bldest froiker died no ge 29 hearter roac an architect. the other two are Optometreats one here in Dalloe - one in Weatherford Leepes (youngest) he has 3 lovely daughters. James arthur has a lovelydan. Dy his first marriage-also a g. dan I hero! The morther of dan. did a nhan and a very fine son by his second marreage Thes morter is living. my brother Earl was married Just a year when he deed learing no children Ate have I think he most wonderful dan. torn 19/3. Dept. 22. married - lived to be almost & mo. old. Austried but had children one of Stammar Shamas Braggmarried Susan Allen Lago B. and more of to alabama. When her descendents were found as late as 1932 theirsan the father hewport Braggmar the father of John Braggmar ala.

Male G. Tups

State G. Tups

MELP GOODWILL IN EMPLOY THE HAM

1957

Sewiston Haho

Male State St

I completed my laughters DA. R paper and they went on to washington a & she is and has been a DAR, member for reveral months. The paper went Through with no mistakes - They were in part back at all for any correction in he least &do teck very happy and proud because it is the first and only think & ever made aut entrance papers and they do hour to be carrect I am They puly proffessional genealogest do work on Them for the must be obsolutely aure they are correct in every letail- I had 4 wonderful old fastily bible records for date and de old Tomb stone recorde - end bor records. if resely your nderlæting farme bet Loujoyed erent mintite & it Veau ossure you Hove the work - but sometimes fan feel like yen can not erer fund Haf zon ere bokingtene The suddenly there you are, some lead mies spenlup quite a. Wenderfeel

Bragg 44 I believe when you jud that one missing lies her you muse horr your line complete segrent for some letes which fearing you down Johns DAR - out proof. Joane Jam zustrying for PAR.

Jor Rich and have bewough

lo be active in the work of DAR, a

mis. Emma Hyatt Bragg was the widow of Dr. Edward R. Bragg

CHANCERY SUMMONS TO UN-KNOWN DEFENDANTS.

Mrs. Emma Hyatt Bragg et al

Vs. No. 5666

The Unknown Heirs, Assigns and Personal Representatives of Lewis Alexis,

Deceased, et al.

To The Unknown Heirs, Assigns and Personal Representatives of Lewis Alexis, Deceased, and to any and all persons or parties having or claiming any right, title or interest, either legal or equitable, in or to the following described lands situated in Jackson

County, Mississippi, to-wit: S½ of S½ of Governmental Lot No. 2 of Fractional Section 14, Township 7

South, Range 9 West;

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the Chancery Court of Jackson County, Mississippi, at Rules, on the Second Monday of April, A. D. 1935, to defend the suit No. 5666 of Mrs. Emma Hyatt Bragg et al, where in you are made parties defendant, and, wherein Complainants seek confirmation of their title to said above described land.

Witness my hand this the 9th day of

March, A. D. 1935.

FRED TAYLOR, Clerk Chancery Court, 3-15-4c. Jackson County, Miss.

GENERAL COLLISTION CIRCULATE

BRagg 46 Hobdy

OLD SNOW HILL CEMETERY Wilcox County, Alabama Highway 28 Located about 1/4 mile east of Snow Hill Post Office, on hill. Small dirt road to the right to fenced cemetery. Outside the fenced area, along the road, on each side, and in the woods are many marked and unmarked graves. Listed below are all the graves inside the fenced area. Recorded August 1988 by Else J. Martin, Kevin Martin & Larry Martin.

SIMPSON

Lawrence Waverly Simpson (husband) July 29 1875 August 10, 1954

Lucy Adele Williamson Simpson (wife) April 3, 1898 August 21, 1979

Fletcher Stoddard Simpson July 25, 1885 February 2, 1978

Rev. Hugh McLeod Gillis March 9, 1843 March 18, 1913

Mabel Morris Simpson (wife) November 6 1905 February 1, 1987

Hugh Lewis Simpson (husband) September 22, 1900 June 18, 1963

W. G. Simpson October 4, 1871 December 3, 1936

Hugh Lewis Simpson, Jr. July 20, 1929 July 26, 1944

Thomas Hood Simpson (Son of Elizabeth Ann Gulley and Ranson Overton Simpson December 23, 1887 July 22, 1933 (Buried in Abilene, Texas)

Mary Lee Simpson daughter of Elizabeth Ann Gulley and Ranson Overton Simpson February 26, 1877 October 23, 1948

Martha Patton Simpson (Daughter of September 5, 1886 Eliz. Ann Gulley & May 28, 1982 R. O. Simpson)

R. O. Simpson (husband) December 1, 1842 November 19, 1925

Elizabeth Ann Gulley (Daughter of Mary (wife) August 10, 1848 January 10, 1928

Ward McCondichie & William Gulley, M.D.

Carra Gillis Simpson October 15, 1871 May 13, 1913

Infant Simpson Daughter of W. C. & Cara Simpson Born August 10, 1894

Mary Ward McCondichie wife of Wm. Gulley, M.D. March 11, 1829 December 17, 1910

Mary P. Scarbrough wife of Dr. Thos. Lee March 15, 1847 July 13, 1927

Sara Frances Lee wife of T. E. Lee October 24, 1884 October 10, 1937

Thomas Madison Lee December 11, 1907 February 8, 1986

Thomas Eugene Lee November 10, 1879 August 7, 1962

ELSE J. MARTIN COLLECTIONS 6301 COUNTRY LANE PASCAGOULA, MS 39567 601-588-6520

OLD SNOW HILL CEMETERY

Mrs. Gertrude Hunter Ingram
February 23, 1862 (Dau. of Edmund &
November 12, 1949 Eliza Hobdy Hunter)

W. C. Ingram (Husb of Gertrude) 1851 - 1935

E. H. Hunter (Son of Edmund & Eliza February 11, 1857 Hobdy Hunter) March 22, 1929

George Hunter
(Son of Edmund & Eliza Hunter)
January 2, 1860
July 10, 1892 - age 32

Eliza A. Hunter (Hobdy, family February 20, 1834 knowledge) December 7, 1910

Mary C. Hobdy
(Daughter of Wm. & Adeline C. Hobdy)
August 27, 1868
June 14, 1958

Frances S. Carter February 16, 1828 February 27, 1908

Daniel Gillis April 6, 1869 September 19, 1945

Oliver A. Hobdy July 3, 1864 September 19, 1900 (Son of Wm. M. & Adeline Hobdy)

Martha W. Gillis Devoted wife of Daniel Gillis February 20, 1872 June 26, 1901

Infant James E. Albritton born & died 1873

Infant John W. Albritton born & died 1874

Wm. M. Hobdy (William Madison)
June 11. 1830
December 25, 1904
(Husband of M. Adeline Carter)
—Married March 17, 1858—
Mary Adeline Carter Hobdy
January 1, 1836
January 2, 192
(Wife of Wm. M. Hobdy)

Thomas Carter Hobdy
(Son of Wm. M. & Adeline Hobdy)
July 14, 1860
December 3, 1927

James N. Perdue October 5, 1860 August 8, 1930 Husband of Katie Jones Perdue

Katie Jones Perdue (Wife) June 22, 1861 April 21, 1933

Katie Mae Jones November 22, 1904 August 14, 1905

Annie Clyde Perdue wife of Dr. H. M. Dismukes December 9, 1894 December 6, 1930

Florence Beeland Perdue December 2, 1902 August 3, 1947

E. Brentz Perdue August 3. 1897 September 9, 1950

George W. Albritton born Snow Hill, Alabama March 16, 1830 May 22, 1898

Mrs. Mary McElroy Albritton died July 17, 1901 - age 78

ELSE J. MARTIN COLLECTIONS 6301 COUNTRY LANE PASCAGOULA, MS 39567 601-588-6520

OLD SNOW HILL CEMETERY

Annie E. Williamson (Wife of Harold L. Fitch) February 8, 1891 November 5, 1967

Harold L. Fitch, Husband June 17, 1878 February 3, 1962

Frances E. Hobdy Fitch Wife of Lewis H. Fitch (Sister of Wm. M. Hobdy) January 28, 1847 September 3, 1939

Edmon Hobdy Fitch
(Son of Lewis & Frances)
December 22, 1872
April 10, 1901

Alabama Erwin McElroy daughter of E. R. & E. E. McElroy January 26, 1884 October 1, 1894

Alice G. Lee daughter of Arthur & Florence Lee

Arthur Lee son of Arthur & Florence Lee b. Jan 1885 d. Feb 2, 1886, age 1 year

Florence E. Lee February 18, 1858 June 9, 1934 Wife

Arthur Lee February 7, 1947 January 7, 1915 Husband

(Left front, facing west)

Elijah R. McElroy 1855-1940

W. George McElroy 1889-1937

Emma A. McElroy 1859-1935

Annie Snell McElroy Feb 1, 1894-Jan 23, 1983

Mary L. McElroy, daughter No dates Edward Dixon Ewing Kathryn McElroy Ewing

Harold E. Abbot, PFC U. S. Army, WW 11 July 9, 1923 June 9, 1984

Edward Hobdy Moore
Son of Emily C. Hobdy & Leonard Moore
1862- 1940

Frances Farrior Moore Wife of Edward Hobdy Moore 1861-1932

Fanny Carter Moore Wife of L. A. Moore, Sr. September 3, 1854 April 23, 1912

Infant Turberville Infant of Dr. J. S. & Julia Turberville 1904

Annie Sophronia McElroy Purifoy June 25, 1894 October 25, 1986 Wife of Judge Thomas Purifoy

Judge Thomas Purifoy June 11, 1875 January 9, 1940 Son of John H. & Alabama Purifoy

Martha A Soger October 12, 1838 April 4, 1908

(3 names on one tombstone) William James Breithaupt Dec 16, 1840-Dec 9 1891

Lucinda Newton Breithaupt Feb 19, 1843-Mar 14, 1882

Louis Claude Christian Breithaupt Feb 13, 1882-Sept 21, 1882

Lillie Lucinda Mariah March 24, 1868

Isaac Breithaupt
Apr 4, 1873-July 27, 1896

James Ernest Breithaupt Nov 17, 1879-Nov 10, 1910 ELSE J. MARTIN COLLECTIONS 6301 COUNTRY LANE PASCAGOULA, MS 39567

OLD SNOW HILL CEMETERY

Infant daughter of Carolyn & James Hall May 3, 1959 May 6, 1959

James E. Hall Aigust 2, 1935 Sept 7, 1962

Wyeth Holt Speir Jan 25, 1906 Sept 19, 1969

Charles Brasfield Fitch Feb 22, 1875 Sept 26, 1914

> ELSE J. MARTIN COLLECTIONS 6301 COUNTRY LANE PASCAGOULA, MS 39567 601-588-6520

ALABAMA

BREWER Bragg

HER HISTORY, RESOURCES,

WAR RECORD AND PUBLIC MEN.

FROM 1540 TO 1872

BY WILLIS BREWER

THE REPRINT COMPANY, PUBLISHERS Spartanburg, S. C. 1975

5668801 00 YOU I

MOBILE COUNTY.

19 51 mar. 13, 1872 - age 36 you. margary 13, Hull fings died Bay 22 409 alicantar-1081 thousand

iments and manners of a southern gentleman with the acquirements of the savant. He married a sister of Gen. Z. esteemed by those who know him best, for he unites the senintellectually high. Capt. J. Deas Nott of the Twenty-second Alabama, fell at C. Deas, and lost two sons during the late war, one of whom, Chicamauga. He had several brothers, all of whom ranked

half years under the administrations of Messrs. Jackson and Van Buren, and who died in 1841, aged 62 years. His son JOHN was born in Augusta, Ga., October 1812. When a boy bus, but the next year came to Mobile. he spent two years in Madrid with his father. In 1832 he delivered the valedictory at Princeton, and in 1834 was admitted to the bar of Augusta. He at once located in Columattorney general and governor of his State, a member of concelebrated Georgia statesman, Gov. John Forsyth, who was marshal, he had under arrest in Augusta. His father was the treacherously killed by Rev. Beverly Allen, whom, as federal time in the military family of Gen. Washington, and was came to America before the rebellion of 1776, served for some appointed United States attorney for the southern district of gress for fifteen years, minister to Spain, (where he negotiated He is the grandson of Robert Forsyth, an Englishman who countrymen by Mexican authorities. But he failed for want imprisonments, murders, and confiscations practiced upon his law, and editing the Columbus Times. Meantime he went to Alabama. The death of his father obliged him to return to the cession of Florida,) and secretary of state for six and a of support at Washington, as Mr. Buchanan's foreign policy whole time was spent in the effort to get satisfaction for the Mr. Forsyth. He reached the capital in October, and re-Georgia, where he remained twelve years, planting, practicing islature, and the following year was elected mayor. In March resuming his pen. Zuloaga government and returned, resigning soon after, and was a timid one. He finally dissolved his relations with the mained there two years. His mission was a stormy one. T. Sanford. In 1856, President Pierce appointed him minisonce returned to journalism, buying the Register from Mr. of the city, which were burned before completion. to Mobile in 1853, he built lumber mills on the island in front Mexico as adjutant of the 1st Georgia regiment. Returning iana being his colleagues. They were instructed to gain all for peace, Messrs. Crawford of Georgia and Roman of Louis-1861 he was sent as commissioner to Washington to negotiate Prominent among the citizens of Mobile is JOHN FORSYTH. In 1859 he represented Mobile in the leg-He was soon after

> about the same time received a succession of journalism. In man-He married a Miss Hull of Georgia, and one of his two sons was the late Col. Charles Forsyth, formerly of the Third Alabama infantry. Col. Robert Forsyth, a Confederate officer, Rosert Forsyth, a Confederate offic dered far more efficient service by sustaining the hopes of the people with his vigorous pen. This continued after the war, the time possible, and were not deceived by the subterfuges of Mr. Seward as is generally supposed. During the war Col. Forsyth was for a time on the staff of Gen. Bragg, but renwas a brother of Col. F. when the country was desolate and the people disheartened

do; and he was elected by a majority of 1851 votes over Hon. C. C. Langdon. Mortified at the evidence of a decadence of public virtue which he found in Washington, he declined elected for a like term by the same body. During the time, however, the choice of the judges was transferred to the popular poll. It was well known that Judge Bragg was averse to that manner of election, yet he was chosen by a large majority over Hon. Aaron B. Cooper of Monroe. In 1851 he was induced to become a candidate for congress in order to harmon-113 rize the elements of discord in his party, which his non-particisembly he was chosen to the position over Gen. George W. Crabb. At the expiration of six years he was unanimously recircle of people. appointed him to fill it; and at the meeting of the general asoffice of judge of the 6th judicial circuit, and Gov. Fitzpatrick branch bank in Mobile. In 1842 a vacancy occurred in the fors at West Point. During the presidential canvass of 1836, tive county in the legislature, and in the latter year was aprenton, North Carolina, in the year 1806, he was graduated at Chapell Hill, in 1824, in a class with the late Dr. R. L. Fearn the province of journalism introduced him favorably to a wide pointed by President Jackson a member of the board of visiof this county. His father was an architect and builder he was the associate editor of the Register, and his ability in fice in that place. From 1830 to 1835 he represented his nalaw under Hon. Edward Hall of Warrenton, he opened an ofthe maiden name of his mother was Crossland. John Bragg is also an old resident of Mobile. Born in War-From 1837 to 1840 he was the attorney of the Having read

erty wantonly destroyed, and his dwelling burned over the not reappear in public affairs till his election to the constituat least "the post of honor was a private station." Retiring Gen. Wilson. He has since resided in Mobile, striving to hushe was subjected to the grossest personal indignities, his prop-Physically disqualified for service in the field, he remained on tional convention of 1861 as a representative of this county. from professional as well as political pursuits, Judge Bragg did further service at the close of his term, feeling that for himself heads of his wife and children by the Northern troops under his plantation in Lowndes during the war. There, April 12, 1865,

of this county. The late Gov. Thomas Bragg of North Carolina, and Capt. Wm. Bragg of Wilcox, who died in the con-His manner is austere, and while on the bench he was considered a martinet. Rigidly upright in his own conduct, he Hall of Lowndes, and his eldest son is an attorney at the bar of this county. The late Gov. Thomas Bragg of North Caroas a writer in the State. He married a sister of Dr. Wm. B. exacts the same of others, and all his virtues are of the spartan Judge Bragg is tall and spare, with a dark complexion. Besides his high rank as a jurist, so good an authority

federate service, were brothers of Judge B. Also, by Braxron Brage, a citizen of Mobile, is a brother of the distinguished himself in the war with Mexico; became a genforegoing. He was born in 1815 in Warren county, North Carolina; was graduated at West Point Military Academy; citizen of the State since 1865, he may with propriety be left connection with the affairs of Alabama, and has only been a to the chroniclers of a more general history of the South. eral in the confederate service; and commanded its armies at boro, Chicamauga, and Mission Ridge. As he has had no Pennsacola, and at the battles of Shiloh, Perryville, Murfrees-

hered in magnetia dear, makete. drowned by the upsetting of a sail-boat in the bay, Oct. 15, uate of South Carolina College. He read law and practiced writer during the heated controversies in 1855-'6. time. He also acquired considerable reputation as a political was associated in the practice in Mobile with Messrs. John Forsyth and Wm. D. Dunn. He soon took high rank at the about a year at Yorkville before he came to this State. born at Georgetown, South Carolina, in 1811, and was a grad-Bugbee of Montgomery, and he filled the office during that bar, and when Chancellor Crenshaw died, in 1847, Gov. Martin selected him to fill the vacancy. At its meeting the legisature elected him for a term of six years, over Hon. Francis JOSEPH WHITE LESESNE came to Mobile in 1836. He was

> order of his mind, his lofty sense of justice, and the purity of his private life. He married a daughter of President cellor Lesesne was a gentleman of cultivated mind and supe-Cooper of South Carolina College and his children reside in To the equity bench he seemed especially adapted by the forcible, his logical ideas being expressed with ease and effect. rior natural endowments. As a speaker he was exceedingly 1856, while crossing from his residence at Point Clear. Chan-

He came to Mobile soon after attaining to manhood, and grave the best years and labors of a busy life to the profession of his choice. Though fully alive to public events, and full of public spirit, only once, in 1843, did he consent to accept trusts. He was the law partner of Hon. John A. Campbell of trusts. He was stricken down by disease in 1863, and he county in the general assembly. He several times declined high official trusts. He was stricken down by disease in 1863, and he county in the law, and was afterwards associated with Hon. R. H. Smith. He was stricken down by disease in 1863, and he county in the law, and eloquent at the bar. His impressive tones and ardent address, when engaged in the discussions of the forum, lent a charm to the count-room. In the law, and eloquent at the bar, his impressive tones and ardent address, when engaged in the discussions of the forum, lent a charm to the count-room. In the law, and eloquent was, he manifested a warm of all matters affecting the common weal, he manifested a warm of the county good enterprise. He was also pious, and of the analysis strictest probity in his intercourse with his fellow man. He can can be also that the county with a strictest probity in his intercourse with his fellow man. He can can county with a strictest probity in the late war. Campbell, and his son, the county with a strictest probity in the late war. Gen. Clanton during the late war. and read law under Judge Tucker at Winchester, Virginia. Georgia, Dec. 13, 1805; was graduated at Franklin College, bile for more than thirty years. He was born at Warrenton, "The late Daniel Chandler was a prominent citizen of Mo-

engaged on a farm till he was twenty-three years old, then he read law in the office of Col. Joseph Pickett at Wadesboro.

May 179 - 199 he was the son of a Baptist minister, of Irish descent. His mother was a Miss Lilly, whose father came from England. a fair knowledge of English, Latin, and Greek. quire an education; but, by his own exertions, he obtained His futher died, and left him without means wherewith to ac-Few men have the marked individuality of EDMUND SPANN DARGAN, a leading citizen of Mobile for thirty years past. Born in Montgomery county, North Carolina, April 15, 1805

me carell Genn. Tray 36, 1813. Dud Apat 25, 1900 m. Carell Genn. Tray 36, 1813. Dud Apat 25, 1900

ac pag 38 - Magnes analy Bod -

GEN. AND MRS. BRAXTON BRAGG.

In a letter by Mrs. Ben Hardin Helm, while at New Orleans, she added the postscript: "I am to have a visit from Mrs. Braxton Bragg this morning. It will be interesting." The statement was interesting. The VETERAN did dot know of her existence. Subsequently, the opportunity to visit the wife of that distinguished officer was gladly improved, and realizing how much of pleasure a visit from her would give, he assured her that the people of Nashville would be gratified to make her a guest of the city. She replied, "I would gladly have accepted an invitation to the Chickamauga Park dedication." Astounded at the omission, he turned to the other lady present in the hope of an apologetic word from her, and realizing that she, too, had been neglected-not to say ignored, although representing one of the noblest families in the South, and for whose husband the government had consecrated a monument, although he gave his life for the Confederacy,-greater diligence for the recognition of our women in the war was resolved upon.

The following sketch of General and Mrs. Bragg is by Mrs. Emily Todd Helm, of Elizabethtown, Ky.:

Braxton Bragg, son of Thomas Bragg, was born at Warrenton, Warren County, N. C., the 21st of March, 1817, and died at Galveston, Texas, aged fifty-nine years, eight months and five days. His death was sudden. The papers stated at the time, that he died of heart failure, but his family physician said it was paralysis of the brain.

that he died of heart failure, but als family physician said it was paralysis of the brain.

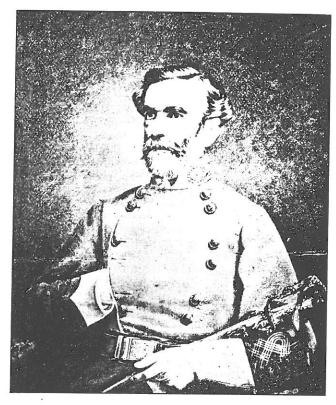
Gen. Bragg entered the Military Academy at West Point in 1834, and graduated in 1838, among the distinguished five in his class, and was appointed Lieutenaut in the Third Artillery, United States Army. His first military service was rendered in Florida, under General Zachary Taylor, in the Seminole War, and at its close he was stationed at Fort

Moultrie, South Carolina.

In 1846 Gen. Bragg was ordered to Corpus Christi to join his old commander, General Taylor, whose forces were then assembled against Mexico. Gen. Bragg was engaged in all the battles and was particularly distinguished at the battle of Buena Vista, when Gen. Taylor reported that by the skilfullness of his artillery, Gen. Bragg had "saved the day." After the Mexican War, he resigned the position of Lieutenant Colonel, to which he had been promoted.

On June 7, 1849, he married Eliza B. Ellis, the eldest daughter of Richard Gaillard Ellis. The marriage took place at the family residence, "Evergreen Plantation," Parish of Terre Bonne, La., the Rev. John Sandel officiating. Mrs. Bragg was a beautiful girl, as the pictures taken of her at that time testify. Her father was a sugar and cotton planter. She was born in Adams County, Miss., and was a schoolmate of Mrs. Jefferson Davis, who was born in the same county. Mrs. Bragg's girlhood was chiefly spent at Natchez. After her marriage she

spent the first four years at Jefferson Barracks, afterward at Fort Gibson and Wachita.



GEN. BRAXTON BRAGG.

It was in the fall of 1855 that Gen. Bragg left the United States service and settled on a sugar plantation in Lafourche, La. They made that their home until the beginning of the war between the States, when he was elected, in Louisiana, Commissioner of Public Works of the Second District, and inaugurated a complete system of levees and drainage. This position he resigned to accept a position as Brigadier General, which was one of the first of President Davis' military appointments after the organization of the Southern Confederacy. He first served at Pensacola.

In 1862, Gen. Bragg was engaged in the battle of Shiloh, and after the death of Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston, he was made a full General. When Gen. Beauregard was called to the defence of Charleston, S. C., Bragg succeeded to the command of the Army of Tennessee and made the memorable march into Kentucky, and afterward fought the battle of Chickamauga, where he gained a decisive victory. He was afterward Military Adviser of President Davis, stationed at Richmond.

At the time of General Bragg's death he was Inspector of Railroads in Texas. He had no children. His widow is now living in New Orleans with her brother, Major Ellis. She lived on her plantation at Lafourche during the war, until she was compelled to leave by the invasion of Weitzel's troops. After December, 1860, Gen. Bragg never returned to or saw his home again, as it was confiscated and sold. Mrs. Bragg made an effort to recover it, as it

was her patrimony, but she was "not regarded as his legal heir!" She said to me:

"I remained on the plantation until a few hours before the enemy came, leaving about 120 or 130 negroes on the place. The officer said he could not restrain his men, but at all events the house was pillaged and everything broken up, even the feather beds cut open and carpets torn from the floors and every animal that was not killed was carried away. After a few days I returned to the scene of desolation and asked the officer why he had not burned the house, and he replied that he had saved it to shelter the poor oppressed negroes in my service. There was nothing to be done, so I joined Gen. Bragg a few days before the battle of Mur-freesboro. I had not then seen him for a year and a half (while he was at Pensacola I had paid him a visit). I was taken ill with typhoid fever after this, and my life was despaired of at Tullahoma, where I was carried. Gen. Bragg returned to New Orleans after the surrender and died, as has been stated, in Galveston, Texas."



MRS. ELISE B. BRAGG

Mrs. Bragg, since his death, has lived in strict retirement, spending the winters in New Orleans; the summers in the mountains of Virginia. Stately, dignified, a handsome woman, remarkably courteous and elegant in her manner, a fine conversationalist, she interests herself in all the topics of the day—in other words an up to date woman

The writer knew General Bragg personally. Under a very reticent, reserved manner he had a kind heart. He had little to say, but his conversa tion was marked by dignity. His only hope for the-

country, he once said, was the "Northern Democrats," which, if they failed to impress proper ideas, left the South no alternative but to "fight it out." He bore the loss of his own private interests with an undisturbed demeanor and asked no sympathy when he was criticized, nor would he ever answer any attack made upon his war record, saying, when urged. "Some day the truth will be known, and my acts will appear in a different light." The memory of Gen. Bragg has yet to obtain the meed of justice to his merits as a soldier, never fully accorded to him during life. He had a single hearted patriotism; no one could doubt the purity of his stainless honor or his unflexible integrity. With high moral, as well as physical courage, regardless of self, incapable of falsehood or duplicity, no temptation could divert him from that which he deemed the path of duty. Gen. Bragg was buried at Mobile, Ala., where he had an older brother, Judge John Bragg. The late ex-Governor Thomas Bragg, of North Carolina, was also a brother.

GEN. BRAGG'S INTEREST IN HIS SUFFERING SOLDIERS.

It is fitting in connection with the brief but carefully prepared sketch of General and Mrs. Bragg, to show something of his interest in the sick and wounded of his splendid army. The letters pay tribute specially to his Medical Director, Dr. S. H. Stout, and are given the more cordially because of his eminent merit to distinction. It must have been an oversight that stronger recognition has not been given him in the United Confederate Veterans. Dr. Stout has carefully preserved all these years the official reports belonging to his department, and there certainly ought to be provided means to enable him to put them in proper condition to be preserved in the South's Battle Abbey, that certainly will be erected at no very distant day. Comrades should look to this important matter with diligence.

LETTERS FROM GENERAL BRAGG.

WARM SPRINGS, GA., 2nd Jan'y, 1864.

My Dear Sir: Among the many kind expressions of regret and confidence received by me since retiring from official position, none have excited a livelier interest or given me more pleasure than your note. To have secured the good will and esteem of those who have suffered most in our cause and of their humane and self-sacrificing attendants, whose only return is a consciousness of duty well done, is no small reward to one whose stern discharge of duty more often offended than propitiated.

Your note will be preserved as a treasure I did not expect, and do not even claim to deserve, but which is the more grateful therefor. The operations of the Hospital Department of our Army of Tenn., especially since systematized by you, I have always claimed as perfect, so far as our means allowed, and I have every reason to believe it is considered by our government as superior to any in the country. I hope you will find it agreeable to continue your service, so grateful to the soldier and so beneficial to the army.

Rest assured, Doctor, that one of the most pleasant associations of my official life has been with you and your corps of able assistants, and that it will be my pleasure and my duty to bear that testimony. In this connection I enclose you a short extract from my report of Chickamauga. It expresses in but feeble terms my appreciation of your services.

May you ere long enjoy the plaudits of the country, and continue to reap the reward of faithful stewards. I am very respectfully and truly yours,

BRAXTON BRAGG.
To SURG. S. H. STOUT, Med. Direct. of Hospitals,

Atlanta, Ga.
The "extract" mentioned is as follows:

"The medical officers both in the field and in the hospitals, earned the lasting gratitude of the soldier, and deserve the highest commendation. The great number of wounded thrown on their hands taxed every energy and every faculty, with means greatly inadequate, especially in transportation, they soon reduced confusion into order, and by assiduity and skill, afforded to the sufferers that temporal relief for which they might look in vain to any other source."

ANOTHER LETTER YEARS AFTER THE WAR.

N. ORLEANS, 20 June, 1870.

DEAR DOCTOR: In conversation with some of your friends here, I have been gratified to learn that you saved the greater part of the valuable records, mostly medical, which you made with so much labor

during the war.

There was no part of the organization of the Army of Tenn. so satisfactory to me as the Medical Department, and especially of the Hospital Department. When I left the army and went to Richmond, such was the contrast, and so strong were my comments, that the Surgeon General sent to obtain, information, and one of the lady matrons there, Miss Emily Mason, of Va., came out to see and be informed. She returned full of enthusiasm, and reorganized her hospital. It has occurred to us that a connected history, based on your records, would be very valuable. I should take great pride in it, and believe it would reflect great credit upon the Army of Tenn.

Very truly yours,

BRAXTON BRAGG, Prest. So. Hist. Society.

NOTE FROM DR. STOUT.

447 Lewis Ave., Dallas, Tex., Mar. 10, 1896. It has been a cherished object ever since the close of the war to do just what Gen'l Bragg suggests in the above "extract" from his letter of June 20, 1896. But the necessity of my winning daily bread, and inability to hire a clerk or an amanuensis have prevented me. Now that I am 74 years of age I have no hope of accomplishing the proposed task without pecuniary assistance.

S. H. STOUT, M.D., LL.D.

In his personal memoirs Gen. Grant wrote of Gen. Bragg: Bragg was a remarkably intelligent and well-informed man, professionally and otherwise. He was thoroughly upright. A man of the highest moral character and the most correct habits, yet in the old army he was in frequent trouble. He

illustrated with this funny story: In the old army he was in command of his company and made a requisition of the quartermaster—and he was himself that official also. As quartermaster he declined to fill the requisition, and in his dilemma he referred the whole matter to the commanding officer, who exclaimed, "My God Bragg, you have quarrelled with every officer in the army, and now you are quarelling with yourself!"

Gen. Bragg's record brightens with the passing decades. Speakers and writers become the fonder of paying tribute to his high character. Some time ago Capt. George B. Guild, ex-Mayor of Nashville, in addressing the Forbes Bivouac at Clarksville, concluded his remarks with a tribute to him:

* * He died without giving us any written account of his campaign, as Gens. Johnston, Hood and others did. The most noted battles fought by the Army of Tennessee were when he was its Commander-in-Chief-Perryville, Murfreesboro and Chickamauga. That these battles were well planned and all of their immense details executed with skill. soldierly courage, none can deny. Every soldier in his army knows that when Bragg made his arrangements to fight, somebody was sure to be hurt. That he failed to take advantage of his victories was a seeming weak point in his military character, but we might be mistaken in this. Take Chickamauga, for instance. He had to commence with 42,000 men; on Sunday night after the battle 17,000 of these were dead or wounded. After two days of hard fighting, soldiers know there are large numbers of stragglers even from a victorious army. Some regiments were almost annihilated, with all of their officers killed or wounded, and heavy details were necessary to care for the killed and wounded, as well as prisoners. All of these causes certainly reduced his fighting force to one half of the 42,000, so he could not have marched to the attack of the fortifications at Chattanooga on Monday with more that 20,000 muskets.

When Bragg was relieved of the command of the Army of Tennessee it must, indeed, have been humiliating to his proud, patriotic spirit, but he continued to render efficient service to the cause of the South to the end. One of the most brilliant affairs of the war was accomplished by him at Kingston, N. C., but a short time before the surrender, and when the Confederacy was staggering to its fall. With a small force he attacked a superior number of the enemy under Gen. Cox and driving them about three miles, captured 1,500 prisoners and three field pieces.

Had the South succeeded, no name would have stood higher on the roll of honor and none would our people have taken more hearty pleasure in honoring. The cause is lost and the questions originating it are forever settled. Still there are sweet and living memories arising from its dust that will forever embalm in sacred remembrance the names of those who shared with us our triumphs and defeats, our sorrows and privations. And to no name will memory oftener recur with patriotic pride and true Southern devotion, than Gen. Braxton Bragg.

Confederate Veteran.

Published Monthly in the Interest of Confederate Veterans and Kindred Topics.

YEARLY, \$1. Vol. IV.

NASHVILLE, TENN., APRIL, 1896.

No. 4. | S.A. CUNNINGHAM

Entered at the postoffice, Nashville. Tenn., as second-class matter. Advertisements: Two dollars per inch one time, or \$20 a year, except tast page. One page, one time, special, \$40. Discount: Half year, one issue; one year, two issues. This is an increase on the former rate.

Contributors will please be diligent to abbreviate. The space is too important for anything that has not special merit.

The date to a subscription is always given to the month before it ends. For instance, if the VETERAN be ordered to begin with January, the date on mail list will be December, and the subscriber is entitled to that number.

Though men deserve, they may not win success, The brave will honor the brave, vanquished none the less.

The "civil war" was too long ago to be called the "late" war and when correspondents use that term the word "great" (war) will be substituted.

Response to request for back numbers of the Vet-ERAN has been so liberal, notice is now made that no more copies are wanted, except those numbers to August '93, of which but few copies have been received and for which there is greatest demand.

Requests have been made so frequently for copies of the Constitution now in vogue by the officials of the United Confederate Veterans, that its full text may be expected in the May number.

The Florida account of the United Confederate Veterans' reunion and the Confederate Monument to be erected as a gift from Comrade C. C. Hemming, of Gainesville, Texas, is again deferred through unexpected delay of correspondence, and because Mr. Hemming is changing his plan about it.

Much is being said by comrades in different sections in behalf of a general election day in all Confederate Camps. Let this be discussed and maybe some plan will be promulgated at Richmond. It suggests a pleasant idea that perhaps one thousand Confederate organizations have a general election day, the Daughters and Sons doing likewise.

It will seem odd to repeat monument locating the site of Pemberton and Grant's place of conference looking to the surrender of Vicksburg, upon the title page of VETERAN, but the monument was changed, inasmuch as relic hunters had defaced the marble shamefully, and the singular error was made to designate it as at Jackson, in March VETERAN.

The engraving upon the marble shaft, now in the National Cemetery, is as follows: Taken from the site of the interview between Maj.-Gen. U. S. Grant and Lieut.-Gen. Pemberton, July 4, 1863.

The printing of the page in blue is done to work it with the Virginia flag on back of number —its proper color.

A suggestion kindly furnished by Gen. George Reese, of Pensacola, Fla., in regard to a reunion mark is revived for the Richmond gathering. It is that delegates wear a card or badge on the hat or in some conspicuous place, indicating especially their regiment in the service.

The writer recalls his first journey through the Carolinas and Virginia. It was in war times. He had metal letters, "Tenn.," on his hat, and the greetings in nearly every section created a pride in his native State. This method was practiced at Houston through suggestion in the VETERAN.

The VETERAN is making a test of friendship for the cause it represents by application to railway presidents and managers in the South:

It represents itself a peculiar publication in having the entire South for its territory, and that although published in Nashville, it hardly belongs to Tennessee more than to Texas, Missouri, Maryland, Virginia, the Carolinas, Louisiana, or any other Southern State. It represents to them that the editor is frequently called to reunions without having time to arrange for transportation, and asks favors whereby delay may be avoided. He offers to keep standing acknowledgment of the railroads so favoring him, and claims that this favor will be appreciated by the thousands who indorse the VET-ERAN and support it unstintedly.

In cordially responding to this request, A. E. Hachfield, President of the Oconee & Western Railroad says: This road was built with Northern capital and is controlled by Northern men, but I will always be glad to recognize any man who did his duty according to his honest convictions. Shall be glad to have you make use of the pass.

The railway official who has done more than any other in the way mentioned was a soldier of the Union Army. He controls a large system. The VETERAN is determined to show who its pronounced friends are in this respect.

Gen. Stephen D. Lee, of Mississippi, has accepted the invitation of the Jefferson Davis Monument Association to deliver the oration on the occasion of laying the corner stone of this monument in Richmond on the 2nd of July, reunion time.

BIOGRAPHICAL DICTIONARY OF THE CONFEDERACY

JON L. WAKELYN

Frank E. Vandiver, ADVISORY EDITOR

Collins, Historical Sketches of Kentucky, II. Railroads Committee. He died on January 22, 1897, in Georgetown, Kentucky. Democratic member of the Kentucky Senate in 1889, he was chairman of the From 1868 to 1880, Bradley was clerk of the circuit court for Scott County. As a prisoners. When the war ended, he returned to his law practice in Georgetown. favored vigorous prosecution of the war, but he opposed harsh treatment of Office and Post Roads Committees. As a member of the Confederate Congress, he end of the war. He was a member of the Ordnance and Ordnance Stores and Post Bradley was elected to the second Confederate House, where he served until the tucky Mounted Rifles. After resigning from the army in 1863 because of ill health, Sumter, he volunteered for service in the Confederate Army. For a few months in Marshall (q, ν) . During 1862, he was commandant of the 1st Battalion of Ken-1861, he served as assistant adjutant general on the staff of General, Humphrey (q.v.), farmed and practiced law prior to the Civil War. After the firing on Fort

assigned to duty at Richmond in February 1864. A victim of his own indecisivefriend of President Davis ($q.\nu.$) and a constant squabbler with subordinates, was his command at Chattanooga to General Joseph E. Johnston $(q. \nu.)$. Bragg, a close advantage of his superiority of numbers, and in November he was forced to yield and was victorious at Chickamauga in September 1863. But he failed to take 1862. He subsequently checked the Northern General Rosecrans at Murfreesboro fordville, he failed to take the offensive and was defeated at Perryville in October invasion of Kentucky in mid-1862. Although he experienced success at Mun-S. Johnston $(q.\nu.)$, he was promoted to full general and was given command of the of Shiloh he commanded the 2nd Army Corps. Upon the death of General Albert Army of Tennessee, succeeding P.G.T. Beauregard (q.v.). Bragg planned the general in command of the Department of Alabama and West Florida. At the battle Pensacola, Florida, in mid-1861. In January 1862, he was promoted to lieutenant provisional army. Bragg was put in command of the Confederate forces at and levees. At the outbreak of war, he volunteered for service in the Confederate sioner of public works for the Second District of Louisiana, in charge of drainage in Lafourche Parish, Louisiana. He was an Episcopalian and a teetotaler, and he married Elisa Brooks Ellis on June 7, 1849. From 1859 to 1861, he was commissouri, from 1849 until he resigned from the army in 1856 to become a sugar planter Mexican War, he was breveted captain at Fort Brown, major at Monterrey, and lieutenant colonel at Buena Vista. He was stationed at Jefferson Barracks, Misfirst lieutenant during the Indian wars in Florida from 1838 to 1845. During the the regular army, he was stationed at Fort Monroe in 1837-1838. He served as a from the U.S. Military Academy in 1837. Commissioned a second lieutenant in $(q. \nu.)$. After attending Warrenton Academy, he graduated fifth in a class of fifty Carolina. He was a brother of Confederate Attorney General Thomas Bragg wife, Margaret (Crossland), on March 22, 1817, in Warren County, North BRAGG, Braxton (General), was born to the contractor Thomas Bragg and his

Bhag assisted in Richmond, Bragg assisted in Richmond, Bra McWhiney, Braxton Bragg and Confederate Defeat; Seitz, Braxton Bragg Genand remained in the railroad business; he died there on September 27, 1876. eral of the Confederacy. for the Gulf, Colorado, and Santa Fe Railroad. He moved to Galveston, Texas, became commissioner of public works for the state of Alabama and chief engineer superintendent of harbor improvements in Mobile, Alabama. In the 1870s, he in early May. After the war, he was a civil engineer in New Orleans and later served with President Davis on the final retreat into Georgia where he was captured in the Confederate victory at Bentonville, North Carolina, in March 1865. He year, he was given a command at Wilmington, North Carolina, and he participated

January 21, 1872. Ashe, Cyclopedia of Eminent and Representative Men of the trial of Governor William W. Holden $(q.\nu.)$ in 1870. He died in Raleigh on government during the late 1860s. He also was a lawyer for the prosecution in the returned to his law practice in Raleigh. Bragg helped to reorganize the state properties in the hands of Southerners. In 1865, when the war had ended, he Distinguished North Carolinians Carolinas . . .; Patrick, Jefferson Davis and His Cabinet; Peele (comp.), Lives of Confederate interests at the end of the war and effected a just settlement of federal helped edit the once unionist State Journal during 1864. Bragg ably served the reconciliation between President Davis and Governor Zebulon Vance (q.v.). He peace movement which had begun during 1862. Bragg also attempted to effect a office on March 18, 1862, to return to North Carolina, where he sought to stop the also favored the establishment of a Confederate supreme court. Bragg resigned his carefully reorganized the department to make it more responsive to state needs. He cially liable for all materials used by the army. A diligent and meticulous man, he He defended civilian rights and held that the Confederate government was finan-November 21, 1861, to March 18, 1862, he was close to President Davis (q.v.). Carolina after war broke out. As attorney general in the Confederate cabinet from North Carolina seceded. Bragg was appointed aide to the governor of North the South could not establish its independence. He resigned from the Senate after senator from 1859 to 1861, he was a conservative secessionist who believed that Northampton County. As governor of his state from 1855 to 1859 and as U.S. legislature in 1842 and 1844. In 1845, he served as prosecuting attorney for Jackson, North Carolina. He married Isabelle M. Cuthbert in October 1837. A was admitted to the bar in 1833. In the same year, he began the practice of law in lifelong Democrat and staunch Presbyterian, Bragg was elected to the state Warrenton Academy and the military academy of Middletown, Connecticut, he to the skilled carpenter and contractor Thomas and his wife Margaret (Crossland) Bragg in Warrenton, North Carolina, on November 9 or 10, 1810. After attending **BRAGG**, Thomas (Cabinet Member), brother of Braxton Bragg (q, v), was born On Wednesday morning about 10'clock, the residence near the mouth 10'clock, the residence near the mouth of the Pascagoula river, owned by Dr. Bragg, of this place, was destroyed by fire. The house was occupied by a colored family who lived in part of the dwelling. Messrs Chas and Messrs Chas and Messrs Chas and Messrs Chas and Loughridge and Frank Castanera had Loughridge and Frank Castanera had Loughridge and Frank Castanera had wens spending a few days at the beach, making the house their headquarters, and were sleeping on the front gallery when they heard the slarm raised by when they heard the slarm raised by the colored inmates, but the fire the colored inmates, but the fire helpless to stay the flames. The fire happears to have originated at the sol appears to have originated at the sol treme rear of the house, but it is not known whether this incendiarry or not. Known whether this incendiarry or not. The house was valued at about \$2500, with about \$900 insurance.

with about \$900 insurance.

with about \$900 insurance.

Brag 3ragg 58

PASCAGOULA COLLECTION
GENEALOGY CIRCULATE
DO NOT CIRCULATE

CHANCERY SUMMONS TO UN-KNOWN DEFENDANTS.

Mrs. Emma Hyatt Bragg et al Vs. No. 5666

The Unknown Heirs, Assigns and Personal Representatives of Lewis Alexis, Deceased, et al.

To The Unknown Heirs, Assigns and Personal Representatives of Lewis Alexis, Deceased, and to any and all persons or parties having or claiming any right, title or interest, either legal or equitable, in or to the following described lands situated in Jackson County Mississippi to-wit:

County, Mississippi, to-wit:
Sh of Sh of Governmental Lot No. 2
of Fractional Section 14, Township 7

South, Range 9 West;

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the Chancery Court of Jackson County, Mississippi, at Rules, on the Second Monday of April, A. D. 1935, to defend the suit No. 5666 of Mrs. Emma Hyatt Bragg et al, wherein you are made parties defendant, and wherein Complainants seek confirmation of their title to said above described land.

Witness my hand this the 9th day of

March, A. D. 1935.

3-15-4c.

FRED TAYLOR, Clerk Chancery Court, Jackson County, Miss.

6 1 415/1935

PASCAGOULA LIBRARY
GENEALOGY COLLECTION
DO NOT CIRCULATE

pereen 2 of 12		
=======================================		
		==========
SNDX Husband B130 BOUPET, John B622 BOURGEOIS, Michel B625 BOURGUIN, M. Edward B550 BOWMAN, Isaac [Dr] B200 BOYCE, Henry B600 BOYER, Francois B600 BOYER, Jean Baptiste	G363 GAUTEROT, Rose B210 BUKUP, Mary Jane R240 ROCHELLE, Eveline D450 DELANEY, Octavia [Mrs]	11 Jul 1841 06 Apr 1847 08 Feb 1848
B256 BOZONIER, Antoine B625 BRACHEMIN, Edmond B631 BRADBURN, William P	S260 SAUCIER, L620 LEROUX, Marguerite C623 CHRISTIE, Elizabeth M. A. A415 ALPUENTE, Adelaide P. D162 DUVERGES, Gontier [Mrs] C253 CHEXNAYDE, Louisa Alcide R452 ROLLINS, Eliza C. P624 PURCELL, Mary E. J. B420 BLISS, Eliza B. L256 LAUSMERUE, Anselma R163 ROBERTSON, Mary F. C615 CARPENTER, Margaret O216 OSBORNE, Adeline Louisa	25 Jun 1744 31 Jan 1846 01 Jul 1847 10 Jun 1812 11 Sep 1833 20 Jan 1848 13 Jan 1850 07 Jun 1849 19 Nov 1847 01 Jun 1848

								Age.	
1		R				N		Sex.	
								Golor, White, 2	
	Name of the second		Parker		10/1			Fiofospin, Occupation, or Twile of each Male Derson over 15	
	Sim						Ge ,	Value of Real Eaming owned.	
								Number of State, Territor	
								Marned within the year. Attended School	
								Within the view. Position over 20 7 in of the white exhibit reads.	
					7.30			Whother dear and denty, blind, many, or convict, parties, or	
				6.8	1				

		2	
			Maguel House
			Marian
		The second secon	The state of the s
		7	The state of the s
			The state of the s
			13/11/3/17 Dayio (Blacks)
			- Morgania
	Farrie	Mr. Phr.	The state of the s
			1360 1363 c Manager St Manager Section 1961
and the second s		M	11. Charalton
Sim	Marian		1321 1311) Durin (1200)
The Control of the Co			
100		N	- Colland
¥	Supra CoA!		Joseph Jo
	1850 P.327		Children Company
		Si sancia	- Collowise -
C			The state of the s
Braga (,)		1 Ba	The Company of the Co
The state of the s	the second secon		

		Jana Killed	
	N	le l	
	N		
	N	12 Carrier 1	
	1	Mary ex Mars	000000
	N		
		The Contract of the Contract o	
	B		
TOPICO COAL	X Ox		
1827 Sept 329			
99			
			V 2017 7.00
Bragg let	1		

Lieutenant General William J. Hardee's corps and followed by Lieutenant General Leonidas Polk's corps. Their initial assault hit Major General Alexander McD. McCook's corps. whose only assignment for the day had been to protect the Federal right. The strong resistance put up by Brigadier General Philip Sheridan's men in the right center saved the Union from disaster by protecting the pike, the Federal supply line. Outflanked and overwhelmed by the Confederates, however, McCook's men retreated.

with units on their flanks. As losses multiorders required, or even to maintain contact sible to keep their lines unbroken, as Bragg's vance. The movement Bragg had expected his slowed and then checked the Confederate aderals rallied; their deadly rifle and artillery fire Union right continued, but gradually the Fedmorning were testing his powers to the very anxious eyes told that the disasters of the ally florid face had lost its ruddy color, and his Union general recalled that Rosecrans's "usudefense line to save his only escape route. A off his offensive and struggled to construct a Murfreesboro-Nashville Pike, Rosecrans called plied, more men straggled. ates advanced. Officers soon found it imposwith cedar thickets over which the Contederparade field than to the rough terrain dotted army to perform was more suited to an open verge of endurance." Attacks against the With the Federals forced back toward the

By noon the sharpest action was in the Round Forest, near the Union center, where the Federal line formed an acute angle. The Confederates struck this strong natural position repeatedly but unsuccessfully; half the men in Brigadier General James R. Chalmer's Forty-fourth Mississippi Regiment charged the Federal position armed only with sticks, and most of his Ninth Mississippi attacked with their rifles too wet to fire, because of the previous night's rain. As the Mississippians faltered, Confederate Brigadier General Daniel S. Donelson's Tennessee Brigade rushed forward and was nearly destroyed: one regiment

lost half its officers and 68 percent of its menanother lost 42 percent of its officers and over half its men.

attack. use. It was deemed reckless to [continue the] the nature of the ground forbidding its an excellent breastwork. We had no artillery, numerous batteries. One of [the lines formed] posted in two lines of battle, supported by erals," as one general reported, "were strongly piecemeal. They were slaughtered. "The Fed arrived shortly before 2:00 P.M., into battle major attack, and Polk compounded the error not have picked a worse spot to make this on his right flank across the river. He could Major General John C. Breckinridge's division troops, Bragg ordered four fresh brigades from Unable to break the Federal line with Polk's sending these reinforcements, which

Action continued sporadically until dark, but the Confederates could not break the Federal line, now defended by units of McCook's. Thomas's, and Crittenden's corps. To Hardee's final appeal for reinforcements sometime after 4:00 p.m. Bragg replied that he had no men to send. Hardee refused to order another assault. "The enemy." he recalled. "lay beyond the range of our guns, securely sheltered behind the strong defense of the railroad embankment, with wide open fields intervening, which were swept by their superior artillery. It would have been folly, not valor, to assail them in this position."

No further major action took place until January 2, 1863, when Bragg decided to dislodge a Union force, led by Colonel Samuel Beatty of Crittenden's Third Division, that had crossed Stones River and occupied a position on the east bank, "from which ... Polk's line was both commanded and enfiladed." Bragg ordered Breckinridge's division, supported by artillery and cavalry, to drive the Federals back across the river. To divert attention from Breckinridge's assault, he opened an artillery barrage along Polk's front at 3:30 p.m. About thirty minutes later Breckinridge's men advanced in two lines. "The front line had bay-

Bragg 66

Bragi

ing but casualties. of combat had gained the Confederates noth although short." An hour and twenty minutes were mere spectators. It was a terrible affair, the right were ordered to cooperate, but they to retire. The [Confederate] cavalry[men] on the right of the division, and it was compelled meantime, the enemy in large force assailed ders: it was driven back in confusion. In [the] improvidently crossed the river contrary to orthe enemy from the hill. The left of the division nevertheless marched up bravely and drove tric fire from his artillery.... Our troops large force . . . and had combined a concenhe observed. "A murderous fire was opened vision moved beautifully across an open field, upon them. The enemy had concentrated a best brief account of what happened. "The dibayonet." A member of Bragg's staff left the onets fixed," reported Breckinridge, "with orders to deliver one volley, and then use the

Bragg's position was now precarious. Soldiers who had fought and waited in the rain and cold for five days without sufficient rest were exhausted. Straggling had increased significantly. Stones River, which had risen rapidly after several more days of heavy rain, might soon become unfordable, which would soldte part of the army. Furthermore, Bragg had just seen captured documents that indicated that Rosecrans had received reinforcements.

The Confederate retreat from Murfreesboro, which began at 11:00 p.m. on January 3 in drenching rain, was made without mishap. Supply trains led the way south, followed by

the infantry. A cavalry screen protected their movements. Rosecrans did not pursue, but nearly 2,000 wounded Confederates and their medical attendants were left behind.

Stones River 107

Stones River was one of the bloodiest battles of the Civil War. Of the approximately 44,000 Federals and 34,000 Confederates engaged in action near Murfreesboro, each side lost about 13,000.

scarcely have lived over [it]." tory" and confessed that had Stones River been a defeat instead, the nation could thanked Rosecrans for his "hard-earned vicritory, yet after the battle President Lincoln more manpower, gained little additional terafford to lose - men. The Federals, who had of Tennessee but a lot of what they could ill It cost the Confederates not only a little more garded Stones River as an important victory. longer." Northern leaders, in contrast, redown their arms, and refuse to fight any less the Yankees themselves rebel and throw whip them, and I see no prospect of peace unever will be stopped by fighting," he reasoned; pcace for a long time to come. I don't think it fighting could "see no prospects of having who admitted that he was "sick and tired" of no nearer after Stones River. A Confederate 'the Yankees can't whip us and we can never To many people the end of the war seemed

Stones River National Battlefield is on State Route 41 near interstate 24 at Murfreesboro, Tennessee, 25 miles southeast of Nashville, There are 405 acres of the historic battlefield within its authorized boundaries.

Bragg, J. d.,
co. C., 13 Mississippi Infantry.

Confederate

REFERENCE CARD.

Original filed under

Gragg John

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This card must not be taken from the files.

(282)

(1881)

This card must not be taken from the files.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

Brugg, John

Co. C., 13 Mississippi Infantry.

(Confederate.)

wrate Tura

e also

Gasag Colon

Co., 23 Mississippi Infantry.

(Confederate.)

Pilate Quinte

Elevence land

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

(833)

See also (Confederate.) , 8 Mississippi Infantry.

> Vergenut dergrant (Confederate.) , 36 Mississippi Infantry.

See also ..

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This card must not be taken from the file-

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

gar This card must not be taken from the files.

REFERENCE CARD. Original filed under (Confederate.) ..., 5 Mississippi Infantry.

par This card must not be taken from the the GENERAL INDEX CARD.

(100)

Coole & Batt'n Misedesippi Infantry.

Confederates.

Confederates.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This card must not be taken from the flor.

9

Co. C., 15 Battalion Mississippi

Sharp Shooters.

See also

Trivate

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This card must not be taken from the files.

Asmagg M. 18.

Capt. Gamblin's Co. (State Troops),
Mississippi Cavalry.

Confederate

Finale (Ininde

See also

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

See also (Confederate.) 8 Mississippi Infantry.

> Capt. Gamblin's Co. (State Troops), Mississippi Cavalry.

See also

See also

(Confederate.)

-, 8 Mississippi Infantry.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

parThis card must not be taken from the filea.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

100 This card must not be taken from the file.

This card must not be taken from the file. GENERAL INDEX CARD.

(B)

(Confederate.) 30 Mississippi Infantry.

> (Confederate.) & Mississippi Infantry.

Alla Philate

See also...

Turney

Original filed under

REFERENCE CARD.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

pg- This card must not be taken from the file.

This card must not be taken from the files.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

..., 5 Mississippi Infantry.

See also

This card must not be taken from the files GENERAL INDEX CARD.

Cook 23 Minsissippi Infantry.

Cook 23 Minsissippi Infantry.

Cook 23 Minsissippi Infantry.

Cook 24 Minsissippi Infantry.

Cook 25 Minsissippi Infantry.

Reference based

Co.C., 2 Mississippi Infantry.
(Army of 10000.)

Private Pri

(Confederate.)

See also ...

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This eard must not be taken from the files.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This card must not be taken from the files.

Brake Janus

Confederate.

Junate Private

See also

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

136- This card must not be taken from the filea.

(Confederate.) 2 Mississippi Cavalry.

See also

Co. 1 ..., 22 Mississippi Infantry.

Livace Private (Confederate.)

Ryman Card

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This card must not be taken from the files.

(985)

par This card must not be taken from the filea.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

(288)

Stubbs' Batt'n, State Cavalry,

Mississippi.

Confederate.

See also

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

per This card must not be taken from the files.

Ouagg, W. K.

Chinate Univate

Confederate.

See also

Bragg. William

Co......, 13 Mississippi Infantry.

Esviate Con

REFERENCE CARD.

Original filed under

Bragg, John

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This card must not be taken from the files.

This card must not be taken from the files.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

many 30.

24 Battalion Mississippi Cavalry.

(Confederate.)

See also

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

...

This card must not be taken from the file.
(883)

00. 22 Confederate, 13 Mississippi Infantry.

REFERENCE CARD.

Original filed under

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

(ca) This card must not be taken from the files.

....., 13 Mississippi Infantry. (Confederate.)

See also

This card must not be taken from the files. GENERAL INDEX CARD.

...., 23 Mississippi Infantry.

(Confederate.)

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This card must not be taken from the files.

Co. E., & Mississippi Infantry.
(Confederate.)

Confidence

Confid

Dugeunt Sugant

, 36 Mississippi Infantry.

See also

See also

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

(ex)

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

Brang, J. B.

Co. Composition of Confederate.

Private Priva

REFERENCE CARD.

Original filed under

Bragg. J.Co

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

If This eard must not be taken from the files

Coole Batt'n Mississippi Infantry.

Rivet Chief.

(Thagg Somey)

Co., 15 Battalion Mississippi Sharp Shooters.

Confederate.

Private Private

See also

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This card must not be taken from the flex.

This card must not be taken from the files.

The state of the s

18 mag 1618

Capt. Gamblin's Co. (State Troops),

Mississippi Cavalry.

Confederate.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This card must not be taken from the filea.

(1922)

Co. D. (8 Mississippi Infantry.
(Confederate.)

Capt. Gamblin's Co. (State Troops),

Capt. Gamblin's Co. (State Troops),
Mississippi Cavalry.

Confederate

See also

Boo also

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

per This card must not be taken from the files.

(1003)

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

Brage Thomas O.

Co. . . . , 8 Mississippi Infantry.

See also

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

197 This card must not be taken from the file.

1883

(Confederate.) 30 Mississippi Infantry.

South and the action of the state of the sta

REFERENCE CARD.

Alla Thu ate

Original filed under

Lunch

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This card must not be taken from the files.

(Confederate.)

See also...

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

....., 5 Mississippi Infantry.

(Comfederate.)

Soo also

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

..., 23 Mississippi Infantry.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

I'his oard must not be taken from the files.

(Army of 10000.) 2 Mississippi Infantry.

(Confederate.)

500 also ...

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This eard must not be taken from the files.

hivati

(Confederate.)

., 30 Mississippi Infantry.

See also

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This oard must not be taken from the files.

Co. . 2 Mississippi Cavalry.

Thereshe ...

Co. 22 Mississippi Infantry.

Confederate.

See also) /// /// // (" (")

Reference Card

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

Superior Service Control of the Cont

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

This card must not be taken from the files.

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

Court., Stubbs' Batt'n, State Cavalry,

Mississippi.

Confectorare.

See also

..., 16 Mississippi Infantry.

See also

Cairate Chirate Confederate.

This card must not be taken from the files. GENERAL INDEX CARD.

....., 13 Mississippi Infantry. Confederate

REFERENCE CARD.

Original filed under

Da This card must not be taken from the files. (81) GENERAL INDEX CARD.

-, 24 Battalion Mississippi Cavalry.

(Confederate)

See also

GENERAL INDEX CARD.

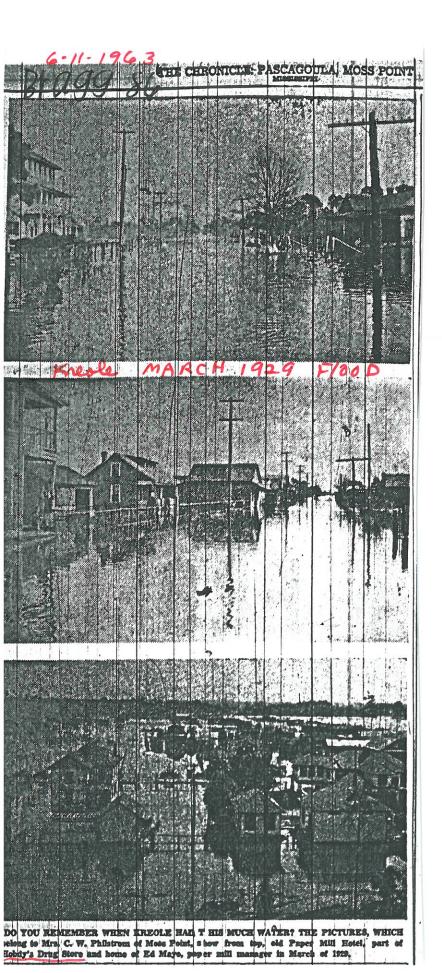
34

This card must not be taken from the files.

The state of the s
Folin 12 Marily Bure 1 Montre Commy 1 Street Line Line Line Line Line Line Line Line

	ji.		1	-	**	-	139		1.	1.0	de la	1	* 1	4	1	1	i a	1	1	les:		1	†	in m	1.2		area and	- man	190	g m	and a	EN-	engs.	- Parent	d arres	988	
No.		1		-							-			-			_	Limited		L		E	-	-			100	140 110		7.15	1 m 1	10 to 1	retta i ne		Anglesia Anglesia Anglesia	in the	\$
7 2	167	į			274	- 85	1			22		1	. (,		1	J., ,			272	1)	3	16. 16	8.		27		1		弘	17	1		100	200	14		
>-			-	;	1274		1	-	-	223	1 2	F	1		T	T	1.7		272 222	3.0			Y	-	122			19		1			.54		51:	0	Angles of the second of the se
100		- 1.		di	47%	1	1	1		De	2	No.	3	, .	1	1,		14	10		5	P	Je si		1	1	ı			1 3	12	14	d	ř.	1	1	e/
Ì		1		1	Thay	STORICE	Ī.	1	1	P	de	Mahu			1	11	1	13	Hass	17	4.0		1	1	min	-	1.		14		卷	1	J. all	×		1	
1	96	0	2		jo,	E	#			warin	22	F	1	The	M	F	A	23	8	-41	J.	Kind Starke	1	**	E			2	~		2	6	10	6	+	-	
ļ	Kunge	John	10	ahe	B	Mal	E	Martin	10	M.	1	F	minul	humen	Chellann	anus	Causia S	Mahna ?	H	Ale:	Macin	A	Lowallan	12	18	2	E	E	apc	Ø	in	R	6	B	ma	During	James
10, IL	the	1	F	huch	hu	R		m	2		Mulley	tohen	F.	ies	K.	1.	224	Line	3	0	lac	K	a	1		1	14		B	3	6	1	3	1	T.	60	
11, 12, 15 16	M			SM		1	4	Car	()		16.	1	6	2	B	4	1	E	Theren	13		K	8	8		-	0	Oc. 7	A.#	mhs.	unimes	3		40			3
13	MA	K M m 19	Duces HI 97	M	111	187	9		C		B	12	10	er n	P		2	K		9		2	P	3	m da	*		CX.	3	S .	1	1	B	1	3	1	2
i,	M. ha	in	110	K	R	K	1	A.	K	1	X	Tracket 1	ar.	2	Z	an	X	卜	2	1	K	K'	1		3	of my	2	1	K	31	Z	cima	3	X	X	M	2
The last	1	0	S	2.6	7	1	1	4	100	5	2	1	3/3	22	20	K	30	E	h,	V	40		C	6	51	مان	14	s.	7	2	1	2	24.73	16	3	10	2 2
mark			1		1	1	-	1	K	3	1			- 1					1	-40	·		1			200	1		akije	# 3K	+ AL	abrel Nava	at this for	in the second	1	-	
only 1	2	Do	B	B		1	H	A.	Th	1	A	-	Shungs	A	A	19	Ta.	Mich	1	2		80	2	1	空	10					,	R	A	R	B	17	20
1	John.	and	. P.	12	-		A	ag.	P	1	honor	11	Tr.	Sim	60	1	2	K	Love	1	delan	E	1 -	1	. 3 4	- 25		e e e e		Ara .	a familia	5	4.	0	2	1	3 -
-				6		100	Earl	13	737		8		Elec	7	F :		th,		1	-	7		ughte					13 34	- 44				1		K		
Thus /		-	-	-	N	F	-	_	F		-		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	/	E		_				E		1			/		1.			1	7	>	-	1		\sum_{i}
. 011	-			1		上			Ė	È	Z	匚		. 34				È		Ļ		<u></u>					1.5	1									
2	1	N.	浸	A	1	+	+		12		89	13	+		-	<u> </u>		-	+		R.	-	1		9.79	1800 F	* 1					,		<u> </u>	-	0 6	
		Workeon	Bacc	where	dames	-		1	E,	47	Domesticism	Tarmahan					,	E	Farme	2	Harris		,	Kukuse	Har	٠				9					,	Muss	7
el div	1	600	tre	in	di			0	Ĭ,	anni	ies	m					11	N			1	1		bus	20												8
l		1	"Lo	1	ex			3	A	2	C	2					1		2		Lease		9.	6	2				Sec.						1	and	0.6
A STATE OF THE STA		arm		louse	1				land	1	B	100		,				1	R				j	5			8 ₄ 0									-	· Le
*	1	3	4	6	1	H	1	17	f	1	5		1	-	\vdash	\vdash	15	1	+-				1	_	-		-								7	<u> </u>	1
a II. when	1	./	1	1	-	1	-	1	+	-	4	1	+		\vdash	\vdash		1		-		1				1	-		4							Y	> 8
Ì						1	1,0	1			1	1	*													e, • •		Ğ.,									Z
the letter 6 D" is to 16	100					-	1		1																	•		No.	- 201								
-	.	1 .		1	E	=	=	+	=	上	12.	ĮΞ		-	E			Ë	-		140											21-1					`.
8	-			-					L			上	+			Ė		L		ie Iga	2.0	1	122				20 35 20 35					na trade and	-	-	-	-	MATERIAL CONTRACTOR
1				-		F	1		\vdash	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-			-		-							***						***
,							35.7			12.5	1					100	1.0			2,	10.7	and a	-						-								_/
		1					-	1	-		_	- 3	-		-	-		-	-	2		-	1	V.					-	-	\	\		_	_	1	00
				2		1	2-11	7.1	1	-	-	-	-				-	-	-			-			-	-											J
4.	18	12	Si	8	2	1	2.	Q.	Ť		185	-	4			Rig							7.	34		C.	5	(. !	۲.	2	Va:	1	1	7	2	{	, 0
	Lena	Em	Tenn	li.	in		the		H	N	na	TOTAL	13	2	1	19	60	Deci	nu	Jen	Tea	76	France	216	26	Euro		11	1	10	1	1	1	17	17		
4.5	In	7	7	ies	-			2	in a	in the second	6	1	tues	tiene	Eins	nin	ens	8	F		1	0.	3	6	0			3				1	-	2	1		(0)
1 (4)				unessel	mense	1	1	× .	1				1	1	1	1					280									ļ		1	1	Ϊ.			3
	0		10	2		7	1	1	-	0	7		-	-	-	1,		-		2	Y	1	7		1		12	~	2.	2	2.5						bragg ,
	Aran	Lenn	tenn	chuic	m		4		Fenn	Zun	na	Tree.	an	200	na	2 ui	2m	2	2m	7	4	12	no	216	2/6	X	1		1	1	17	1	12	1	r	1.	2
	un	in	2			1		7			9	6	7		1	Ç	1	(-	\$1 \$1	1	3:		0,	٥.					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	i k				1	, }	0
Q.	1		0 1	V.	9.	6	V	4	-	1		-	10			3 37 21	10.00			1/3	2	72	11		4	7	3	10	1	4	R. P					7	72
	Jenn	Zenn	Tenn	in	Lun	という	1	A Charles	trees	1	200	Buc	Ru	na	Ver	na	na	na	Ma	``	,	26	24	22	12	2		1	4		1	V	i	V	1	X	1
dir.	7	7	2	1	3	12		1	2	. 2	6	C	1	((Ċ			1						7						12		1	8	益		
																																			ā		

	7	1 42	hancy	1,	5	in				Brass
	8	34 34 3	Dotron John	31	2	2	Come michael	14000	6000	Praga 85
	9	1 7	margal.	26	5,	n	Ham Rife	/	,	
	10		Ginge							
	1.1	1	- in John	1	20					
	13	1	u Hellen						1	,,
	113		Hatter	0.	J.	n				7
	14	, i	Lexision hang	38	Ti	B	House Simus	7		
	15		Thomas Earolin							
	16		Gradly Branks	28	20	2	Gerdener	1	•	Tlanda
2:	17	30.16	Hutchinson mm	20	m	20	Gom murchant	8000	4/000	6 mg lancis
67	18	3. 15	Blasfield Joe					/	·	3.6
0	19						How Mife	Z	jest je	ala
\1	20			10		8	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	K:		
L	21		andrews mary	35	J.	8	Honse Sirvant	£		
9	55	2.5.62	Terrell Johns	48	m	2	f Darmir	/		x colund 1
20.	53		- 11 Julia .	29	<u>S,</u>	n	House night	V		1
The	5.1		11 James	8	32	n				ala /
MC	5.5			1.	_	1	At Home			
	50		11 Pashons	18	0	n	te te			11 8 /
	27		mary	7	di	12			1	
	59	2 () 3 ()	Usma Usma	2	di	n				
	30	368 368	Ding for	150	m	n		-	-	
	31		dillom may	6-5-	0	12.	Home Ruger	/		& doesoul . + 1
	32	1/03/0	D. anna	26	0	2	A Am	14.	01:5	0 0
	33	20/01/	Dragg John	04	m	0-	Marelin	2/110	4500	10
	34		Dowylon	2	n	2	n 11			- Wu
	35		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17	2	2	W. Meme			
	36		" a namly	29	2	2		1		
	37		Q.	10	2	n		1		
	38		0.0	110	2	n				
	391	370 370	me Down news	21	2	2	Range Jak	1		
	40		Hidrick Jane	25	T	8	Dimetic Sugar	V:	•	
	1 .		No. of while	to female		j .	No. of males, Briefer, Sorr,			
			" "Amilia, <u>?</u> " col	ored mal		61	Signalar, 14			
	4.7		The second second							
				hose of	the Di	all ball is	"各种的一种一种一种一种的一种种的一种	Service State	THEOLET SHE	



BRAGG, DR.

Scranton School Enum

1890-91

White, Parent/Guardian of:

BRAGG, WILLIE

19 WM

BRAGG, JUANITA KREBS

Death Records of Jackson Co, MS

Juanita (Krebs) Bragg, born March 1882,

died 17 Oct 1916.

Buried in Machpelah Cemetery.

Wife of W. H. Bragg. Father: Arthur Krebs. Mother: Harrriet Jamison.

also....

Baby Bragg, Son of W. H. Bragg

Died 14 Oct 1916. Buried Machpelah Cem.

BRAGG, WILLIE

Scranton School Enum

19 WM 1890-91

Par/Guar: DR. BRAGG